rounds.

wanted to.

hand.

near enough I asked:

"What is the matter?"

safe," he said, excitedly.

"Just now?" I inquired.

the office and he walked off.

not have taken something."

ing him.

amount of passers. But everything was quiet

and I was about to move on to make my

Just then a young man came out of the fur-

niture store. He walked rather rapidly and

to put it into words. But probably it was

the suggestion of an attempt on his part to

he gave me of trying not to go as fast as he

seem at ease, and, at the same time, a feeling

At this moment a man came out of the fur-

niture shop and looked up and down the

street. The fellow had quickened his pace and

was now some little distance away. I started

the back part of the store with a customer

and saw the fellow come in. I supposed he

wanted to buy something, and I meant to go

to him as soon as I was through with the

man who was talking to me. I thought he

would wait. I missed him after two or three

minutes when I looked again, and I thought

he had gone out. Then I saw him leaving

"I didn't try to recall him and went on

with my customer, when suddenly I remem-

bered that I had left the key in my safe in

the office. I left what I was doing and

hurried to the place to see if everything was

all right. The safe door was open and some

of the papers were lying on the floor. The

man had been through it. Fortunately my

The fellow had got below Broome street by

But he was getting near Grand, and there

are so many walking there that I feared to

lose him and began to run. He looked back.

running, but it was too late. He did see me,

Part II. To-Morrow,

MR. CROWLEY STILL IN DANGER.

He to a Very Bick Monkey, but Supt. Cont

lin Has Great Hopes,

The condition of Mr. Crowley, the Central

Park chimpanzee, is still such as to cause his

night, and the attendants plied him con-

and broke into a swift run himself.

this time. I walked quickly after him.

WORLD

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THE WORLD

for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 4.

MONDAY	80,560
TUESDAY	80,720
WEDNESDAY	82,920
THURSDAY	82,280
FRIDAY	81,800
SATURDAY	81,820

WAIT AND SEE.

Senator Ingalls explains that he appointed on the Special Committee on the Pacific Rail. roads men "who would not try to make political capital out of the matter."

The only political capital that could be made out of the matter lies in the direction of a protection of the Government's interests. Is Senator Ingalls's remark to be construed as an indication that the capital to be taken care of is that represented in the enormone fortunes of the railroad magnates? It looks that way.

WHY RUSH?

And now a man's leg has been broken in the wild rush for entrance to an "L" train.

What possesses the average New Yorker, that causes him to jump up the stairs, crowd past the ticket-box and make a lunge like a wild buffalo to get aboard these cars?

It is the demon of unrest-that nervous haste which is " burning the candle at both ends" in this maelstrom metropolis.

The "L" trains at the busy hours run every two minutes. If a man is a little too late for one train, he is just in time for the next. Why rush?

KEEPING IT UP.

The proposition to remove Libby Prison from Richmond to Chicago, and make a perpetual show of it, is probably a scheme of JOSEPH BREECHES FORARES to boom himself for the Republican Presidential nomination.

With the National Convention held in that historic prison pen how naturally a bloody shirt campaign would follow. How resonantly would resound the old " rebel " hewgag! And in such a campaign who is so foreordained for leader as the flery FORAKER, whose zeal for war increases with the prolongation of peace, and who enjoys the distinction of being the only man ever snubbed by the wife of a Democratic President.

A great head has FORAKER.

LEGGING IT.

The great go-as-you-please contest in Madison Square Garden is not a walking match nor a running race. It is a test of endurance. under conditions of bad air and attendant excitement that are not favorable to the best results, but that are perhaps equally fair to all. | fully entitled to the pension.

The interest of the public is what concern THE EVENING WORLD, and in recognition of this our reports will be the latest, fullest and clearest that can be made.

And may the best man win!

LOVE'S LANGUAGE. The language of love is more universal

than Volapük will ever be. The wooing, winning and elopement with

a pretty Pennsylvania girl, by a deaf and dumb man from Connecticut, shows that love does not depend upon any speech. It flashes from the eye. It tingles its message through the fingers. It proclaims itself upon bent knees. It is eloquent in gestures. It conveys through the lips what the tongue could not utter. Its vocabulary is caresses. There are no locks nor bars that love does

not laugh at. Long live Love!

The Washington crushers who go to church to stare at the President's wife and mob that estimable lady as she goes to her carriage are the terror of ushers and police. If the contribution boxes won't scatter them, how would it do to call on a squad of the Salva-

Are not the Great Powers of Europe a good deal like Sullivan and Smith-bent upon making so many conditions for a fight, and leaving so many loopholes of escape, that no " mill " is probable?

Mr. Chimpanzee Crowley refuses to take whiskey or even milk punch; and still those scientists cling to their theory of evolution. Or did man start as a testotaler?

The Mail street sidewalk, in rear of the Post-Office, was ashed and cleaned last week. Who said this is not a reform Administration?

The race is not always to the swift nor the battle to the strong. It is the fellow who can " stick" the longest who gets there.

Old Sol and old Pluvius are New York's real street cleaners. They don't deal in excuses, nor shirk any part of their work.

The Correct Thing in Dogs.

[From the Chicago Fines.]
A fashion paper in Boston prints a long article under the heading, "The Correct Thing in Dogs." We have many fashion papers out here in the "rowdy West," but there are some folks here-away who have a notion that a bit of strychnine is about the correct tiling in dogs of the class that the Boston paper recommends.

In the Sunday School. [From the Washington Oricie.]
-What can you tell me of Lot's wife ? ... Little Giri-Nothin'. Mother says I mustn't talk

SOME WELL-KNOWN FACES.

Gental John Keliar has just returned to duty in the Charles street station-house. He had been ill me weeks with pneumonia. Frank A. Sheppard, son of George Sheppard,

stage man, is a member of the Seventh Regiment, and follows in his father's footsteps by running a livery stable. W. H. McNatr, the Ninth avenue druggist, is re

ported to have said that he does not want any more dvice about bair restorers from his affable head derk, Wm. Kennedy, The value of the stolen property recovered by John Cary, Capt, Grant's ward detective in the

Twentieth street squad, is said to exceed the total amount of salary he has received since his appoint-A face often seen in the corridors of the Metropole

itan Hotel is that of Digby W. Chandler, the artist. He is a quiet little man whose water colors are in many New York galleries. He is also known as an engraver on wood. Dr. McCabe, ambulance surgeon of St. Vincent's

Hospital, is one of the nimblest physicians in the When a call is received at the hospital he takes the flight of stairs in one jump and in another is on the ambulance and away. Among the hotel clerks in this city Harrison

Downs, of the Morton House, is declared by his friends to be the Adonia. He is rather short in stature, with a luxuriant mustache, and wears three big diamonds in his expansive shirt front. Spencer Cone is a man well known in the dranatic profession. Mr. Cone is of medium height and rather inclined to embonpoint. His hair is of

sunset bue. He is a brother of Kate Claxton and

is the owner of several plays—one with a tank in it, be tried in the West shortly. Edwin H. Low, the steamship agent, is known to housands of people whom he books in the course of a year to all parts of the civilized world. For ten years he was with the National Steamship Company. He reads all the elitions of THE WORLD, rom choice and by necessity, the necessity lying in the fact that he has to keep informed of all the news of the day at home and abroad.

WORLDLINGS.

Emms Abbott, the singer, is said to have a forune of \$300,000, which she has accumulated during the last ten years.

A horseshoe was found imbedded in the heart of a tree three feet in diameter that was out down near York Springs, Pa., recently.

Senator Stanford, of California, employs three or four private secretaries, and to one of them he turns over his entire Senatorial salary of \$5,000 and mileage. A man living near Macon, Ga., was attacked a

few days ago by a Texas pony which he was leading, and would have been killed if his wife had not run to his assistance and stunned the animal by striking it with an axe. The State of Sonoro, Mexico, levies a tax of \$9

on every baby born within its limits, and charges the farmer 5 cents for every chicken he raises and so cents for every sheep. The famous Jones County belied buzzard was

killed at Hazelburst, Ga., by Will Meeks recently, The bell attached to the bird had engraved on it the letters "C. E." above the words "Jones County, Ga., 1859. " It has been known in various parts of the State for years. A rooster owned by an Orrington (Me.) man tool

up its quarters in the barnyard of a neighbor, who fed and cared for it. After a period of four weeks the neighbor sent in a bill for keeping the fowl in feed, but payment was disputed. The matter was finally settled by the neighbor's taking the rooster in payment of the account.

Sheriff Matson, of Chicago, received a letter from a woman in Cerro Gordo, Ill., recently, saking him to send her one strand of a rope that had been used to hang some person. Her little boy had been having fits for four years, and nine doo tors had falled to benefit him. A neighbor had told her of the rope being used in such cases with success and she was willing to pay any price to secure a strand of one.

Col. W. B. Wright, an old settler of Eagle River, Mich., was remarried a few days ago to the wife he married forty-eight years ago and with whom he has always lived. He is a pensioner on the vernment, and had the ceremony performed for the purpose of guarding his wife against any trouble she might have after his death in producing a marriage certificate to show that she was law-

session a sperm whale's tooth that has an interest ing history. It is about five inches in length and tattooed with India ink. The tooth was originally owned by Capt. Gray, of the ship Columbia, and was in the cabin of his ship when he sailed up the Pacific coast on the voyage of exploration which resulted in the discovery of the great river which now bears the name of his vessel.

A NICE STATE OF THINGS.

Here's a state of things, now, in this land of the free, When a few men with money to the rest of us say. If you want any sugar our price you must pay, For we've got up a 'trust' and bought the whole lot, And the rest of the people may all go to pot."

So the day will soon be here I really opine When none but the rich can say " Sugar in mine. Here's a nice state of things in this land of the free When a few moneyed men say to you and to me, " We've got up a ' trust ' now in kerosene oil, And all you low fellows who labor and toll Must buy it of us, and pay us our price, Or go in the dark, like the rate and the mice. So in most of our homes soon, I really opine,

The old " tailer dip, " or nothing, will shine. Here's a nice state of things. I really must say, When greedy monopolies carry the day, And lock life's necessities, pocket the key, And say, "Go without, or else buy of me. But the "trusts" keep increasing in numbers a

way. and the path of the poor man grows rougher each The next thing may be matrimonial "trusts,"

When to wed we must "see" them and "down with the dust."

But there's ominous mutterings over the land, And the wings of our eagle begin to expand: There's a look in his eye that bodeth no good To the harpies who gamble in poor peop e's food. For this is a land for the poor and oppressed, Where the true honest toiler is as good as the rest And each hated "trust" will die very dead When the American eagle awoops down on its

head. W. E. PENKEY. New Haven, Conn.



Old Hayseed-Goah all hemlock, Tom, what do yer call that?
Why that,
Du tell!

HOT RUN

Dr. Swan's Prediction.

Police Capt. Jacob Siebert,

Of the Leonard Street Station.

[WRITTEN EXPRESSLY FOR THE EVENING WORLD.]

HE disreputable portion of the city community has aims and feelings which hold the different sections of it together in a sort of sympathetic union. "Honor among thieves" is a saying which is used to express this clannishness

CAPT. J. SIEBERT. which bands cutthroats, thieves and other villains into a sort of society with one another among them-

There are too many instances of a culprit who has been caught in some criminal act being ready to "squeal" and betray his partners in the deed in order to escape punishment himself to make this proverb universally true. But, on the other hand, there are examples enough of a rough kind of fidelity and friendly effort on the part of a gang to help one of their number who had been taken up. So there is some truth in the saying.

I recall an incident of the kind which fell under my own knowledge, where several members of a gang had the coolness to approach me and endeavor to get me to suppress something which told badly against an associate who had been arrested by me.

They got nothing by their attempt. But it showed a trait of bad good-fellowship, which was founded on friendship, self-interest, or mutual protection, possibly on a mixture of the three.

The incident to which I refer was rather an amusing one. It was the capture of a sneak-thief," or what would be denominated that now. His attempt was made or the spur of the moment, he was detected at it almost as soon as he had begun, and was taken within half an hour after he had left the place. In this case justice was not slow, and the whole business was brisk. Part of it was almost too brisk to be agreeable.

This briskness was in the chase for the thief, and that part [of_it] was something I easily remember by reason of what went be-

I had been suffering for some time from my chest, or rather from my left side. When I finally saw a physician to procure some relief, after making a careful examination and I was following him. asking me questions about my feelings, he told me I was suffering from an affection of the heart. I knew this was not hereditary, and the doctor said it was not serious at I tried to pull up so that he would not see me present except some accidental circumstance

were to make it so. This was at the time when New York was agog over the mysterious Nathan murder, which wears its mystery up to this very time Dr. Swan began talking about the murder hazarding certain conjectures, asking about several features of the case and the tike.

"They have offered a reward, haven"

they?" he asked. Yes, they promise a reward for the de tection of the murderer," I replied.

" How much is it?" he inquired. I told him. It was some thousands-\$5,000 believe, but I am not certain of the amount now, only it was large enough to tempt any one who knew anything about it to give his information, and enough to induce a person to try to discover the assassin if he had any idea who it was, or had any clue which promised to lead to him.

"Well," said Dr. Swan, rising, "if you could get the man by running only two blocks for him, I would advise you not to do

"If I could get him by as easy work as that," I replied, "I am pretty sure I would make the attempt. It would be good pay for running two blocks. Why do you say that you would advise me not to do such thing?"

" Because, although your condition is not dangerous as the case stands." he answered if you were to engage in any violent physical effort, or to experience anything exciting or startling that would impress you a great deal, so as to quicken the action of the heart riolently, you would probably keel over and be a dead man in a jiffy. Running would induce this excessive action of the heart, and speaking of the Nathan murderer made me think of running after him. Hence my re-

mark to you." "All right, doctor," I said. ' I don't suppose I shall run after the murderer of Mr. Nathan, so you need not look out for my funeral just yet on that account. The man that killed Nathan will not be run down by

chasing him for two blocks, in my opinion." This remark of the doctor's and the fact hat a few days later I ran considerably more than two blocks as fast as my legs could carry me, and this in hot chase of much smaller game than the murderer of a wealthy man, make me remember the incident very well.

I had never put very much faith in the infallibility of doctors, and my experience then proved that Dr. Swan was not altogether correct in his views. I ran for almost a mile as fast as I could on a hot summer day through the crowded streets of New York. and although it took about two days for me to fairly get a grip on my wind again, and there were sharp twinges of pain in the region of my heart, I did not collapse, and my funeral has not yet taken place, although

this was several years ago.

One forenoon I was standing in front of the station house on Delancey street. Attorney street crosses Delancey at this point. It was near noon. The day was very warm, and at that hour the heat was getting in all

At a little distance around the corner was a furniture store at that time. The office was a small room off the ground floor and fronting on the street, with sides consisting of small panes of glass. It was a small room. A desk stood near the window at the left of the door, and on the other side of the room was a large iron safe. I was standing on the corner looking about ris to see what was going on in the neighborSol Smith Russell, the actor, who loves baked roces, is at the St. James. Ex-Speaker Galusha H. Grow, of Pennsylvania, a again a go at of the Victoria.

Justice MacMahan, of Toronto, and G. May, the Montreal banker, are at the Albemarie.

Seen in Hotel Lobbics.

W. W. Gibson, U. S. A., is at the Grand.

Wycliffe Preston, of Lexington, Ky., and W. S. Calhoun, of Chicago, are staying at the St. James. At the Hoffman are F. Swets C. Condé, of Os-wego, and Harry G. English, son of ex-Gov. Eng-lish, of Connecticut. ish, of Connecticut.

On the Morton House register new names are S.
S. Cunningham, of Chicago; Clarence white, of
Red Bank; D. A. Henderson and W. F. Draper, of

Ethan Alien Hitchcock, a well-known citizen of St. Louis, and W. J. Fiorence, who has just re-turned from the East, are recent arrivals at the Fifth Avenue. L. C. Weir, General Manager of the Western

Division of the Adams Express, and F. E. Morgan, Freadurer of the New Haven Clock Works, are reg-alered at the Gilsey.

Stopping at the Union Square Hotel are George A. Barker, of Boston; M. J. Lobe, of Boston; Ed-ward Drescher, of Philadelp' 11; P. H. Derbocker, of Bridgeport, and W. B. Crockett, of Boston. Among the prominent arrivals at the Gilsey are Wm. 8. Wise, of San Francisco; J. P. Wiser, exnember of the Canadian Parliament; T. R. Chaney, of New Orleans, Superientendent of the Cotton Seed Oil Company; ex-Congressman R. B. F. Price, of Indianapolis, and W. M. Ootnout, of Indianapolis, President of the Brewers' Association

The fact that Mr. Moriev, the old and well-known

shoe dealer on Broadway, near Twenty-accond

street, is about to retire from business will surprise

thousands who have parronized him for years. With one of the largest stocks on hand in the city, he has cut down prices to rapidly dispose of it, and for the next twenty days people can pick up paragins at this old and reliable establishment at prices hardly ever before offered in strictly first-class goods. The retirement of such a prominent figure as Mr. Moriey will be a notable event in the shoe trade.

Found in the River. Policeman Snyder, of the Delancey street station, found the body of an unknown man in the East River at the foot of Gonverneur street this morning. The msn was about thirty-five, had a brown mustache and dark brown hair, and wore dark clothes. In one pocket was a smail plece of music on which was written "J. Wm. Aschenbach, No. 4 Rivington street.

A Hasty Departure. (From Harper's Baser.) "Bub," said the agent, as a little boy opened

the door, '' is your ma in ?" "Yes: sne's in the kitchen trying to fix the stove; it won't bake. Who shall I say wants to see her?" see her?"
'Tell her it's the new minister, who will call again." Modern Society.

[From Judge, 1]
Nellie Quat home from Narragansett, to her

osom friend)-Oh, Fan I think how delightful it was. One evening I denced three dances with a Mr. Peters who is said to be the wickedest man at the Pier, and all the other girls were so mad. A Friend in Need.

[From Harper's Basar,]
Bobby (whispering)—Didn't I hear Clara tell you, Mr. Featherly, that she was sorry, but she really I was standing on the corner locking about the to see what was going on in the neighborhood. There was the usual movement of get some for you when she'd out.

carts and trucks and about the ordinary PUZZLED BY THE NOSE OF P. G.

WHO CAN PREVENT IT GETTING RED WHEN OUT IN THE COLD?

crossed to the opposite side of the street. Al-Problem Whose Solution is Awaited with though there was nothing suspicious in his appearance, for he was neatly enough Interest-The Coroners Tackle It and Suggest Remedies, Both Medicinal and dressed-not flashy nor slovenly in his looks of a Humorous Character-Dr. O'Mongher at all-yet my attention was somehow arrested Thinks a Pretty Girl is Involved. by him. If I had to say what it was that led me to keep my eyes on him it might be hard

To the Editor of The Ecening World:

How can you stop my nose from getting red
when I go in the cold? Yours,

P. G. Here is an agonizing appeal for aid and one which should not be slightingly thrown into

that grave of buried hopes, the waste-paper

basket. It should be answered.

This was not much, but after he had gone Answered? Yes: but who shall answer it few yards he half turned round and looked The great army of anxious inquirers who up the street. He glanced at the furniture are constantly drawing upon the editorial store which he had just left. It was only a reservoir of information, spending two cents momentary glance, but it was enough to for a postage stamp and a great deal of time confirm my suspicions. When he turned in carefully framing the question, "What again, after walking a little further on, and do you think of my handwriting?" in imitatook a second look behind him, still in the tion-if not very close-of the schoolboy's direction of the furniture store, I felt that Spencerian copy-book, naturally think the there was some "crooked" business on newspaper infallible.

> They are far from wrong. There is hardly a question, be it of ever so abstruse a charac ter, that the editor will not boldly tackle and answer off-hand, and there's no gainsaying his conclusion.

for the man as soon as I saw him come out in But there be children and fools who ask this way. He saw me, and as soon as I got questions which even Solomon, arrayed in all his glory, would dislike to wrestle withpreferring to strip to the buff for such an en-"Why, somebody has been through my counter. And odds would be freely offered against the wise man and no takers be found. P. G.'s interrogatory would be properly "Yes," said the furniture man. "I was in classed with those of children and fools, but

> the handwriting is so good that the children at least are not implicated. at least are not implicated.
>
> The question being of this class and not desiring to exalt himself in wisdom above Solomon, the "Answers to the Anxious" editor respectfully referred it to the Coroners' office for solution.

omee for solution.

Coroner Levy carefully weighed each word
of the weighty interrogatory, and said:

"Well, that's a question of almost international interest, now that the blue noses of Nova Scotia are knocking at our doors and asking for annexation. Whether the blue notes of Nova Scotia will harmonize with our notes of Nova Scotia will harmonize with our own roseate hued smellers is a question that should be carefully considered before we accept annexation, and with annexation perhaps a long and bloody war of the noses. What may be expected can be judged by the antipathy felt for Inspector Williams—a Blue Nose—by the red noses of our own city.

"I can suggest no cure for your correspondent's affliction and would refer you to my friend Messemer, for medical advice.

money was locked up in a compartment in the safe. But I do not know whether he may 'He is walking down this street now, and I'll get him," I said to the man, hastily leav-

spondent's affliction and would refer you to my friend Messemer, for medical advice.

"Let me see the letter, 'P. G.?' Why didn't he add the rest of his name?" asked the joking Coroner, and hurriedly added: "Bon't print that. I might lose his vote if you did."

Coroner Messemer was very practical in his suggestion of remedies:

"I generally bleach a red nose," he said.
"Diute carbolic acide or sulphur are the common remedies." Then, if the patient is a man and ien't over-sensitive, he might use the ounce of prevention in the nature of a prohad kept my eye on him the whole time. He was walking faster himself now. I took a very rapid gait in the hope of getting up on onnee of prevention in the nature of a prohim pretty close before he would notice that

cunce of prevention in the nature of a protecting coat of vaseline, when he sticks the handle of his face out into the coid."

Coroner Ferdinand Eidman said that he had known of red roses, the redness of which was directly attributable to whiskey, and a good remedy to reduce the brilliancy of color so acquired is abstention from the cup. Cases have come under his observation where the nearly organ has been nearly blanched by the masal organ has been neatly blanched by suicide. He wouldn't advise this last rem-edy. While always successful it is of a des-perate character and more than liable to be fatal in its result. Desperate diseases, how-

fatal in its result. Desperate diseases, however, require desperate remedies, and he said
that The Evening Wonld's correspondent
might "go hang himself."
Coroner's Physician O'Meagher took it for
granted that "P. G." was a sensitive young
lady. He had been reading of the alphabetical cipher in which the loves of Baby Bunting
and Bunnie had been told, and at once read
"Pretty Girl" in the letters.

He said that the usual causes of cone

friends great anxiety. He passed a restless He said that the usual causes of acne He said that the usual causes of acme rosacea, or "rum blossom," in women is tight lacing and dyspepsia. Loose corsage, a diet of a quart of pickles daily, and the taking in of two or three long breaths of cold air through the nose just before a trip in the frosty atmosphere were suggested for remedies. Carbolic soap was also recommended for outward application. stantly with brandy and milk, which is his stantly with brandy and mink, which is his only sustenance.

Supt. Conklin said this morning: "We have great hopes of pulling him through, but he is a very sick monkey. He seems to have improved a trifle since 2 o'clock this morning, but not enough to justify us in saying he is out of danger." Dick Cook, Coroner's messenger, ventured

the opinion that P. G. was living too high and suggested a sub-basement room and an mat side laborer's diet. If THE EVENING WORLD'S correspondent is If THE EVENING WORLD'S correspondent is unable to choose from the bewildering num-ber of remedies suggested, let him try them all and send the result of his experience via Charon's ferry and Anna Eva Fay, the spirit

Governors Brought into the Vendetta.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 6.—There is every prospect of an interstate squabble between Kentucky and West Virginia over the Hatfield-McCov ven detts. The fend has been terminated after much bloodshed, but a new contention has arisen as to bloodshed, but a new contents.

The disposition of the prisoners.

The Hattlel's are now in prison at Pikeville, Ky., but the West Virginia suthorities demand their surrender that they may be tried in the latter Stat. To this Gov. Buckner, of this State, demurs and refuses to give them up, claiming that they must be tried in Kentucky.

This will cause much bad feeling between the Kentucky and West Virginia authorities, which may extend to the different factions and result in a renewal of the old hostilities. Notes About the Workers.

The Clothing Trades Section meets to-night at 45 Eightu street. The Uranis Labor Club of waiters announces its second annual ball in Florence Hall, Feb. 17. Progressive Palmers' Union No. 1 and the Gera nters' Union will meet to-night in Claren-

The United Plano-Makers have arranged to give their eleventh annual ball in Webster Hall on March 31. Instead of giving balls and concerts, the American Fresco Paulters Union arranges for lectures on decorative art.

on decorative art.

No. 49 did not elect its Executive Board yester-day, as expected. The leaders are in doubt as to whether it should be elected or appointed by the Master Workman. The ution waiters and bartenders have thus far failed to have the Reliance Labor Cub of marble workers censured for holding their ball in the boycotted Lexington Avenue Opera-House. The projectors of the meetings for the abolition of the internal revenue tax on tobacco and cigars have arranged for a public mass-meeting at Everett Hail, in East Fourth street, on Tuesday night, Feb. 14.

Unless a satisfactory explanation is given by the Messra. Clark, of the thread works at Kearny, N. J., the Central Labor Union of this city will re-quest all working men and women to let O. N. T.

Mesers Barr, Reibertarz, Gompetts, O'Brien, Conolly, McLauchlin, McVey and McAdams are the committee from the Central Labor Union to arrange for the concerts to be held in aid of the Reading Ratiroad employees. Coopers' Union No. 1 and the Hearts of Oak Association of coopers have been at swords' points for a long time, but have made peace and have prom-hed to act in harmony. The initiation of alleged "scates" was the cause of the trouble.

Madison Square Garden has been selected by the Central Labor Union committee for the big entertainment in aid of the Reading Strikers. The date his not been fixed. The several musical unions will furnish 175 musiciaus for the occasion. A list of the names of thirty-five saioon-keepers who sell boxeouted Milwaukee beer in this city has been carnabled by the Journeymen Brewers' Union to the Central Labor Union, and the Secretary of the union will send copies of it to all the labor or-

ganizations,
Progressive Confectioners and Cake Baxers'
Union, No. 64, gave one of the largest balls of the
season in Clarendon Hall on Saturday night. A
feature of the occasion was a grand display of
cakes made in all the fanciful forms conceivable.
Rich blod
and Illi
jucky tickets received at the door, a prise being
given to one out of every ten.

ganizations,

ST. TERESA'S CHURCH.

The History of a Flourishing Parish and Sketch of Its Paster.

It was at the express desire of Archbishop Hughes that the Rev. James Boyce began in 1868 to organize the parish of St. Teresa. The edifice of the Rutgers Presbyterian Church, one of the oldest Presbyterian congregations in the city, was for sale and was purchased by Father Boyce. The

building, which was a REV. M. C. O'PARRELL. handsome and imposing structure, was refitted for Catholic worship and solemnly dedicated by the Arch-

pishop June 21, 1863. The administration of Father Boyce was so The administration of Father Boyce was so energetic and vigorous that the new parish began to prosper from the start and soon it was able to dispute the very first place of importance among the Catholic churches of the city. His first work was to increase the educational facilities of the parish, and to this end St. Teresa's Male Academy, in Rutgers street, was established, and two years later the Parochial School of the Christian Brothers in East Broadway. The girls' school in Henry street was established in 1872. It is under the charge of the Ursuline nuns. The parochial school for girls was opened a year later and is also directed by the Ursulines. Both have a very large attendance.

Father Boyce's health began to fail in 1869, and although he travelled in the hope of regaining it, it gave way again just as soon as he returned to his labors. He died July 9, 1876, and the solemn requiem mass which was offered was attended by over one hun-

dred priests.

He was succeeded in the following month by the Rev. Michael C. O'Farrell, who is still the pastor of the church. Under his pastorate the good work which was begun by Father Boyce has been carried steadily forward, and the debt which rested upon the parish at his installation, the church and its various school buildings having cost nearly \$250.000, has been wholly extinguished. dred priests.

various school buildings having cost nearly \$250,000. has been wholly extinguished.

Over \$125,000 of this debt was paid off by Father O'Farrell. He has also improved the condition of the schools and academies in many important particulars. These are now in a thriving condition and the average daily attendance at present aggregates between 1,600 and 1,700 pupils.

Among the associations connected with the parish are the Rosary and Altar societies.

parish are the Rosary and Altar societies, Children of Mary, the Confraternity of the Sacred Heart, Christian Doctrine Society, St. Teresa's Mutual Benevolent Burial Society and a conference of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul.

The pastoral residence of St. Teresa's is one of the handsomest in the city and its collections. tion of sacred paintings is probably unsurpassed by any public or private gallery his country. The works are principally passed by any public or private gallery in this country. The works are principally by Italian artists, many of them being so old that their history is unknown. It also includes fine copies of some of the most famous frescoes, mosaics and paintings of the old masters to be found at Rome, nearly every room in the house being beautified by one or more of these gems of art. The collection was made by Father O'Farrell himself, who is a connoisseur in art matters, during his visit to Rome several years ago.

St. Teresa's Church was consecrated Oct.

visit to Rome several years ago.

St. Teresa's Church was consecrated Oct.

15. 1882, by Cardinal McCloskey. The occasion was one of the most interesting that occurred in the history of the parish, seven bishops participating in the ceremonics.

The Rev. Michael C. O'Farrell was born per 12, 1844 in Waterfood County Irakan. The Rev. Michael C. O'Farrell was born Dec. 12, 1844, in Waterford County, Ireland. He received his early education from the Cistercians. Afterwards he spent three years at St. Patrick's College, Carlow, when he came to America and entered the Provincial Semmary at Troy in 1866. He was ordained by Bishop McFarland, of Hartford, for the Diocese of New York June 6, 1868. He was for

cese of New York June 6, 1868. He was for five years assistant pastor at St. Peter's Church under the Rev. Dr. Quinn.

In 1878 he was tranferred to Rondout, where he had charge of the varish of St. Mary's. The zeal and energy which he displayed in his work at St. Mary's led to his selection as pastor of so important a city parish as that of St. Teresa. He is assisted in his pastoral labors by the Rev. Francis P. Moore the Rev. Thomas F. Cusack and the Moore, the Rev. Thomas F. Cusack, and the Rev. James T. McIntyre.



gree Gritson He Preferred the Old-Time Slipper.

Mr. Solomon King (who is an enthusiast over wall decoration, brings home one of those pretty cance paddles to hang over the mantel). Rehoboam King (from the lair to which he has retired)—I sin't been d-doin' nothin'—honest, Pop? Why They Are Frightened

People in the earthquake districts are expecting one every hour. They wouldn't have been fright ened, but Wingins had to go and predict there wouldn't be any earthquakes for sixteen years. Low Figures for a Nose.

The latest Chicago market price for a nose in \$25,000. For a whole nose this is dirt cheap. The reu paint for coloring some of the noses in this town alone cost far more than that. When Men Can Fly. [From the Pittsburg Chronicle.]
"Can men fig?" ask- the Boston Globe, Guess

ou never saw the crowd scatter when the hat was assed around after the little German band has mished murdering several compositions.

A Strange World. [From the Oil City Blissard.] Man is largely the architect of his own fortune, and yet a strong and well-developed man works and yet a strong and well-developed man works hard for \$1,25 or \$1.50 per day, while a small, sec-ond-edition sort of a man with an abnormally de-veloped wart on some portion of his anatomy grows wealthy in a dime museum, and laughs the world to scorn. Ours is truly a strange world and furnishes much food for pullosophy.

(From the Pittisbury Chronicle.)
.. There's a great difference between an egg and riding horse," remarked the Snake Editor.

"I suppose so," replied the Horse Editor;

but what difference do you refer to particu '' An egg is of no use when it's addled." Not Quick Enough. [From the Chicago Tribuns.]
New York Man—I suppose they play poker a great

leal out West ? Denver Man-Quite a bit. N. Y. Man-Do you play often? Denver Man-No; I never tried it but once o

wice, N. Y. Man—Why not? Aren't you lucky? Denver Man—Oh, I'm tucky enough, and I plays a pretty strong game, too; but I ain't quick enough with my gun. SENSIBLE.

"I would not tell my bargains,"
Quoth wealthy Merchant Reed,
"In any New York daily
But in Tax Workle; indeed,
To pay out good, hard money
Jor advertising space, is
Just throwing it away!"

HOW THE SUGAR TRUST SQUEEZES THE SHIPPING INTERESTS.

THE MONOPOLY'S TENTACLES.

The Efforts of the Glant Combination to Control the Shipments of Raw Sugar and Bear the Freights-The Long Tentacles of the Sugar Trust-Effect of the Monopoly Upon the 'Longshoremen.

"Everybody is delighted," said a wellknown Brooklyn shipper to a reparter today, "with the splendid fight THE EVENING World is making against the Sugar Trust monopoly, and we hope it will continue to expose its infamous aperations. There is nothing like letting in a little light into a conspiracy of this kind to break it up. There is an interesting point connected with the secret workings of the Trust which I have not yet seen brought out. It is important because it not only affects the shipping interests of the port very materially, but also the welfare of a large class of the working

people. "It affects the shipping interests in this way: Captains of vessels from this port to any of the sugar ports of South America are almost always sure to find themselves forestalled by agents of the Sugar Trust, who have control of a great part of the sugar not only in store, but on the plantations. They are completely at the mercy of these men, for there is nothing but sugar for the vesse's to carry back to New York, and the Trust can dictate in many instances the amount of freight that shall be be charged.

Instances have occurred where, this hav-"Instances have occurred where, this having been settled, the agent compels the captain to sign an agreement whereby the 'Sugar Trust of New York shall have twenty-one days lay order.' This means that when the vessel arrives here the captain must notify the Trust of the fact, and if it does not want to receive the cargo at the time the vessel can be conveiled to remain a proper or treatment. be compelled to remain in port three days without unloading. The loss occasioned by this delay has to be borne by the slip. This is sometimes avoided by anchoring in some is sometimes avoided by anchoring in some out-of-the-way place until the Trust signifies its willingness to receive the cargo and designates the place where the cargo is to be unloaded. All this, as one can naturally see, has a tendency to drive trade in sugar away from this port instead of bringing it here.

"But this is not where the shoe is pinching hardest. Since the Trust went into operation the Brooklyn warehouses, where almost all the sugar coming into year was stored.

all the sugar coming into port was stored until it was wanted at the refineries, have been abandoned by the sugar vessels, prin-cipally on account of these lay orders. The hundreds of 'longshoremen who were employed in unloading the sugar from the vessels and then reloading into lighters when it was needed by the refineries, have been thrown out of employment and the sugar docks, which once presented a scene of busy activity, are now deserted. Among the families of those who depended for their livelihood on what they could make at the sugar docks there is want, and some serious cases of destitution have come to light. The men cannot readily obtain employment elsewhere because at the other docks the force of longshoremen is sufficient to do all the work required: Their work was in a certain sense a specialty, and, being deprived of it, it is not easy for them to find othe rmeans of subsistence, especially at this season of the year.

This is a case where the operations of the monopoly directly affect the working classes by depriving them of employment, and on this account the business ought to receive a

thorough ventilation in the newspapers. Believes in Paternal Government

to the Editor of The Evening World: Mr. Lugauovit's proposition in last night's EVENING WORLD is the first proposition I have seen for a positive remedy against the Trust evil. Legal restrictions are all easily circumvented. For instance, should the law prohibit the present owners to combine, they could form a joint-stock concern, and each owner or set of owners could sell ther refin-eries to themselves—that is, to the new com-panv—in the same way the owners of the Reading road circumvent the laws now on Reading road circumvent the laws now on the statutes in Pennsylvania prohibiting railroad companies from engaging in mining. The same persons simply form a mining company, and so the only difference is one of form and name. Mr. L.'s proposition is that the people themselves are to manage and own the institutions necessary to their common welfare. All such business is ready public business, and therefore the proper subere of the public organization, and that is the government. All the usual objections to this bear a hundredfold usual objections to this bear a hundredfold stronger against the class monopoly system now existing. Other objections are well answered by Mayor Hewitt in his message where he says: "There are no such things as vested rights which can interfere with the power of the community to do those things which are essential for its growth, its safety and its progress of civilization." Let us then have a United States sugar refinery system, as well as a municipal, State or United States system of every industry that is correspondingly necessary and monopolized.

C. F. Douglas,
Feb. 3. 169 East Seventy-fifth street.

Ble Patent. [From Harper's Basar.]

Practical American Father-Now, Count. before we can go any further in this matter, so far as m daughter is concerned, I should like you to estab ish your identity.

Count—Mon dieu! I vill show you my patent of nobility.
P. A. F. —That is all very weil; I own several patents myself; but how do I know yours is not an infringement?

A Sweet Surprise.

[From Judge.]
"Sir," remarked a benevolent old man, "did you ever win any money on a bet ?" ' I did," answered Smith, who was addressed. "Why?"
"Because I've been looking for an honest man.
Every man to whom I have put the question says
he siways loses. What'il you drink?"

Who Laughs Last.

| From Punch.] Perkins-And so you're going to the fanoy-dress ball 7 What costume are you going to wear ? Smart Aleo-I think I'll borrow your summer suit and go as a tramp. What are you going to Perkins—I guess l'il put on your diagonal Prince Albert and go as a looking-glass,

The World is THE "Want" Medium.

A Comparison: Total Number of "Wants" published in The World during 1887..... 602,391 Total number in Herald... 438,476 Excess of World over Her-

Number of columns of "Advis." in World during 1887..... 16,970 Number of columns in Herald.....

Excess of World over Herald

type writer we placed an advertisement in the Herald of Jan.s, at a cost of 76 cents, and received 24 replies; in THE WORLD of Jan. 8, at a cost of 75 we been carled upon to mention the fact, is had we been carled upon to mention the fact, is had we been asked we would have said the difference would be impossible. Yours. J. & H. Laxa.

ald 163,915

9,921 7,049

One of the Many. J. & H. LAMB, 59 CARMINE STREET, NEW YORK, Jan. 12, 1883. | DEAR SIE: Wishing to obtain a shorthand and